SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

VOC-Mix (5C) standard solution

Further trade names

CL40.13297

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture

Reagents and laboratory chemicals
Research and Development Exemption
Only for laboratory and analysis purposes.

Uses advised against

Do not use for private purposes (household).

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name:	AnalytiChem Services, Unipessoal, Lda
Street:	Rua de Júlio Dinis 676 7º
Place:	N-4050-320 Porto
Telephone:	+351 226002917
E-mail:	info@analytichem.com
Contact person:	SDS service department
E-mail:	SDS@analytichem.com
Internet:	www.analytichem.com
Responsible Department:	SDS service department

Supplier or manufacturer details

Company name:	AnalytiChem Belgium NV
Street:	Industriezone "De Arend" 2
Place:	B-8210 Zedelgem
Telephone:	+32 50 28 83 20
E-mail:	info.be@analytichem.com
Contact person:	SDS service department
E-mail:	SDS@analytichem.com
Responsible Department:	AnalytiChem: EU-Belgium: AnalytiChem Belgium, Industriezone "De Arend" 2, 8210 Zedelgem, Belgium, +32 50 28 83 20 EU-Germany: AnalytiChem Germany, Stempelstrasse 6, 47167 Duisburg, Germany, +49 203 51 94 – 200 EU-Netherlands: AnalytiChem Netherlands, Communicatieweg 7, 3641 SG Mijdrecht, The Netherlands, +31 297 286848 UK: AnalytiChem UK, Unit 7 Launton Business Center, Murdock Road, Bicester, OX26 4XB, England, +44 1869 355 500 USA: AnalytiChem USA, 227 China Road, Winslow, Maine, 04901, United States, +1 800-244-8378 Canada: AnalytiChem Canada, 21800 Clark Graham Avenue, Baie d'Urfe, H9X 4B6, Canada, +1 514-457-0701 Australia: ORE Research & Exploration Pty Ltd, 37A Hosie Street, Bayswater North, 3153, Australia, +61 3 9729 0333

1.4. Emergency telephone number:

+44 20 3807 3798 (CHEMTREC)

Further Information

No data available

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Flam. Liq. 2; H225
Carc. 1B; H350
Acute Tox. 3; H331
Acute Tox. 3; H311
Acute Tox. 3; H301
STOT SE 1; H370
STOT RE 2; H373
Ozone 1; H420

Full text of hazard statements: see SECTION 16.

2.2. Label elements

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Hazard components for labelling

methanol
trichloroethylene
carbon tetrachloride
trichloromethane

Signal word: Danger

Pictograms:

Hazard statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H301+H311+H331	Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.
H350	May cause cancer.
H370	Causes damage to organs (eyes, central nervous system).
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H420	Harms public health and the environment by destroying ozone in the upper atmosphere.

Precautionary statements

P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P260	Do not breathe mist/vapours/spray.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing and eye protection/face protection.
P308+P311	IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P501	Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate recycling or disposal facility.

Special labelling

Restricted to professional users.
For use in industrial installations only.

2.3. Other hazards

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Relevant ingredients

CAS No	Chemical name			Quantity
	EC No	Index No	REACH No	
	Classification (Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008)			
67-56-1	methanol			95 - < 100 %
	200-659-6	603-001-00-X	01-2119433307-44	
	Flam. Liq. 2, Acute Tox. 3, Acute Tox. 3, Acute Tox. 3, STOT SE 1; H225 H331 H311 H301 H370			
71-55-6	1,1,1-trichloroethane			< 1 %
	200-756-3	602-013-00-2		
	Acute Tox. 4, Ozone 1; H332 H420			
79-01-6	trichloroethylene			< 1 %
	201-167-4	602-027-00-9	01-2119490731-36	
	Carc. 1B, Muta. 2, Skin Irrit. 2, Eye Irrit. 2, STOT SE 3, Aquatic Chronic 3; H350 H341 H315 H319 H336 H412			
56-23-5	carbon tetrachloride			< 1 %
	200-262-8	602-008-00-5		
	Carc. 2, Acute Tox. 3, Acute Tox. 3, Acute Tox. 3, STOT RE 1, Aquatic Chronic 3, Ozone 1; H351 H331 H311 H301 H372 H412 H420			
127-18-4	tetrachloroethylene			< 1 %
	204-825-9	602-028-00-4	01-2119475329-28	
	Carc. 2, Repr. 2, Aquatic Chronic 2; H351 H361d H411			
67-66-3	trichloromethane			< 1 %
	200-663-8	602-006-00-4	01-2119486657-20	
	Carc. 2, Muta. 2, Repr. 2, Acute Tox. 3, Acute Tox. 4, Skin Irrit. 2, Eye Irrit. 2, STOT SE 3, STOT RE 1; H351 H341 H361d H331 H302 H315 H319 H336 H372			

Full text of H and EUH statements: see section 16.

Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATE

CAS No	EC No	Chemical name	Quantity
	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATE		
67-56-1	200-659-6	methanol	95 - < 100 %
	inhalation: LC50 = 128,2 mg/l (vapours); inhalation: ATE = 0,5 mg/l (dusts or mists); dermal: ATE = 300 mg/kg; oral: LD50 = 6000 mg/kg STOT SE 1; H370: >= 10 - 100 STOT SE 2; H371: >= 3 - < 10		
71-55-6	200-756-3	1,1,1-trichloroethane	< 1 %
	inhalation: ATE = 11 mg/l (vapours); inhalation: ATE = 1,5 mg/l (dusts or mists)		
56-23-5	200-262-8	carbon tetrachloride	< 1 %
	inhalation: ATE = 3 mg/l (vapours); inhalation: ATE = 0,5 mg/l (dusts or mists); dermal: ATE = 300 mg/kg; oral: ATE = 100 mg/kg STOT RE 1; H372: >= 1 - 100 STOT RE 2; H373: >= 0,2 - < 1		
67-66-3	200-663-8	trichloromethane	< 1 %
	inhalation: ATE = 3 mg/l (vapours); inhalation: ATE = 0,5 mg/l (dusts or mists); oral: LD50 = 908 mg/kg		

Further Information

No data available

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

Self-protection of the first aider

Remove contaminated, saturated clothing immediately.

After inhalation

Provide fresh air.

If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.

Call a physician immediately.

After contact with skin

Wash immediately with: Water

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Call a physician immediately.

After contact with eyes

After contact with the eyes, rinse with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time, then consult an ophthalmologist immediately.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Protect uninjured eye.

After ingestion

Provide fresh air.

If swallowed, immediately drink: Water

Call a physician immediately.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Dizziness

Dizziness

Impairment of vision

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor: Methanol

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide to extinguish.

Dry extinguishing powder.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

No data available

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible liquids

Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous combustion products

In case of fire may be liberated:

Carbon dioxide

Carbon monoxide

Beware of reignition.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus and chemical protective clothing.

Additional information

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. Do not allow entering drains or surface water.

Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

Use water spray jet to protect personnel and to cool endangered containers.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General advice

Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

For non-emergency personnel

Provide adequate ventilation.
Use personal protection equipment.
Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes.
Remove persons to safety.
To follow: Emergency procedures
Do not breathe mist/vapours/spray.

For emergency responders

Precautionary statements For emergency responders : Personal protection equipment: see section 8

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.
Explosion risk.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment

Cover drains.
Prevent spread over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).
Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).
Collect in closed and suitable containers for disposal.

For cleaning up

Clean contaminated articles and floor according to the environmental legislation.

Other information

Provide adequate ventilation.
Do not breathe mist/vapours/spray.
Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dusts/aerosols.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Safe handling: see section 7
Personal protection equipment: see section 8
Disposal: see section 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Read label before use.
Handle and open container with care.
Use personal protection equipment.
Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes.
Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
Provide adequate ventilation.
Use extractor hood (laboratory).

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
This material can be ignited by heat, sparks, flames, or other sources of ignition (e.g., static electricity, pilot

lights, mechanical/electrical equipment, and electronic devices such as cell phones, computers, calculators, and pagers which have not been certified as intrinsically safe).

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Keep away from: Food and feedingstuffs
When using do not eat, drink, smoke, sniff.
Provide eye shower and label its location conspicuously

Further information on handling

Draw up and observe skin protection programme.
Wash hands and face before breaks and after work and take a shower if necessary.
Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Keep container tightly closed.
Protect against: Radiant heat.
Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Hints on joint storage

National regulations

Further information on storage conditions

Store in a dry place.
Store in a well-ventilated place.
Store in a place accessible by authorized persons only.
storage temperature: +2°C - +15°C

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Reagents and laboratory chemicals
Research and Development Exemption
Only for laboratory and analysis purposes.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits (EH40)

CAS No	Substance	ppm	mg/m³	fibres/ml	Category	Origin
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	100	555		TWA (8 h)	WEL
		200	1110		STEL (15 min)	WEL
56-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride	1	6.4		TWA (8 h)	WEL
		5	32		STEL (15 min)	WEL
67-66-3	Chloroform	2	9.9		TWA (8 h)	WEL
67-56-1	Methanol	200	266		TWA (8 h)	WEL
		250	333		STEL (15 min)	WEL
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethylene	20	138		TWA (8 h)	WEL
		40	275		STEL (15 min)	WEL
79-01-6	Trichloroethylene	100	550		TWA (8 h)	WEL
		150	820		STEL (15 min)	WEL

DNEL/DMEL values

CAS No	Substance			
DNEL type		Exposure route	Effect	Value
67-56-1	methanol			
Consumer DNEL, acute		inhalation	systemic	50 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, long-term		inhalation	systemic	260 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, acute		inhalation	systemic	260 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, long-term		inhalation	local	260 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, acute		inhalation	local	260 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, long-term		dermal	systemic	40 mg/kg bw/day
Worker DNEL, acute		dermal	systemic	40 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, long-term		inhalation	systemic	50 mg/m³
Consumer DNEL, long-term		inhalation	local	50 mg/m³
Consumer DNEL, acute		inhalation	local	50 mg/m³
Consumer DNEL, long-term		dermal	systemic	8 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, acute		dermal	systemic	8 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, long-term		oral	systemic	8 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, acute		oral	systemic	8 mg/kg bw/day
67-66-3	trichloromethane			
Worker DNEL, long-term		dermal	systemic	0,94 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, long-term		inhalation	systemic	0,18 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, long-term		inhalation	systemic	2,5 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, acute		inhalation	systemic	333 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, long-term		inhalation	local	2,5 mg/m³

PNEC values

CAS No	Substance
Environmental compartment	Value
67-56-1	methanol
Freshwater	20,8 mg/l
Freshwater (intermittent releases)	1540 mg/l
Marine water	2,08 mg/l
Freshwater sediment	77 mg/kg
Marine sediment	7,7 mg/kg
Micro-organisms in sewage treatment plants (STP)	100 mg/l
Soil	100 mg/kg
67-66-3	trichloromethane
Freshwater	0,146 mg/l
Freshwater (intermittent releases)	0,133 mg/l
Marine water	0,015 mg/l
Freshwater sediment	0,45 mg/kg
Marine sediment	0,09 mg/kg
Micro-organisms in sewage treatment plants (STP)	0,048 mg/l
Soil	0,56 mg/kg

Additional advice on limit values

Observe in addition any national regulations!

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation as well as local exhaustion at critical locations.

If technical exhaust or ventilation measures are not possible or insufficient , respiratory protection must be worn.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

goggles

Face protection umbrella

Hand protection

Tested protective gloves must be worn

The quality of the protective gloves resistant to chemicals must be chosen as a function of the specific working place concentration and quantity of hazardous substances.

For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

Skin protection

Wear suitable protective clothing.

When handling with chemical substances, protective clothing with CE-labels including the four control digits must be worn.

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Respiratory protection

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dusts/aerosols.

Thermal hazards

No data available

Environmental exposure controls

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Explosion risk.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	Liquid	
Colour:	No data available	
Odour:	like: Methanol	
Odour threshold:	No data available	
Melting point/freezing point:		-98 °C
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:		65 °C
Flammability:		No data available
Lower explosion limits:		5,5 vol. %
Upper explosion limits:		44 vol. %
Flash point:		11 °C
Auto-ignition temperature:		455 °C
Decomposition temperature:		No data available
pH-Value:		No data available
Viscosity / kinematic:		No data available
Water solubility:		No data available

Solubility in other solvents

No data available

Dissolution rate:	No data available
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water:	No data available
Dispersion stability:	No data available
Vapour pressure:	No data available
Vapour pressure:	No data available
Density:	~0.79 g/cm³
Relative density:	No data available
Bulk density:	No data available
Relative vapour density:	No data available
Particle characteristics:	No data available

9.2. Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosive properties

Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air.

Sustained combustibility:	No data available

Self-ignition temperature

Solid:	No data available
Gas:	No data available

Oxidizing properties

No data available

Other safety characteristics

Evaporation rate:	No data available
Solvent separation test:	No data available
Solvent content:	No data available
Solid content:	0%
Sublimation point:	No data available
Softening point:	No data available
Pour point:	No data available

No data available:

Viscosity / dynamic:	No data available
Flow time:	No data available

Further Information

No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable under storage at normal ambient temperatures.
Protect against: Radiant heat.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Explosion hazard with:
Oxidizing agent, Perchlorates, Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Chlorates
Hydrogen peroxide Nitric acid, sulphuric acid, Hypochlorites
Exothermic reaction with:
Acid halogen, Acetic anhydride, Maleic anhydride, Reducing agent
Acid, Bromine, Chlorine (Cl2), Chloroform, Carbon tetrachloride (carbon tetrachloride)
Ignition: Fluorine, Phosphorus oxides
Possibility of hazardous reactions: Alkaline earth metal, Alkali metals

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Radiant heat.

10.5. Incompatible materials

No data available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In case of fire may be liberated:
SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Further information

No data available

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes

Acute toxicity

Toxic if inhaled.
Toxic in contact with skin.
Toxic if swallowed.

ATEmix calculated

ATE (oral) 101,0 mg/kg; ATE (dermal) 303,0 mg/kg

CAS No	Chemical name					
	Exposure route	Dose		Species	Source	Method
67-56-1	methanol					
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	6000	Monkey	Amer J Ophthalmol 40: 76-83 (cited in DG	Determination of the acute toxicity of t
	dermal	ATE mg/kg	300			
	inhalation (4 h) vapour	LC50 mg/l	128,2	Rat	Study report (1980)	Study performed according to internal co
	inhalation dust/mist	ATE	0,5 mg/l			
71-55-6	1,1,1-trichloroethane					
	inhalation vapour	ATE	11 mg/l			
	inhalation dust/mist	ATE	1,5 mg/l			
56-23-5	carbon tetrachloride					
	oral	ATE mg/kg	100			
	dermal	ATE mg/kg	300			
	inhalation vapour	ATE	3 mg/l			
	inhalation dust/mist	ATE	0,5 mg/l			
67-66-3	trichloromethane					
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	908	Rat	Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology 52,	OECD Guideline 401
	inhalation vapour	ATE	3 mg/l			
	inhalation dust/mist	ATE	0,5 mg/l			

Irritation and corrosivity

Skin corrosion/irritation: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Sensitising effects

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenic/mutagenic/toxic effects for reproduction

May cause cancer. (trichloroethylene)

Germ cell mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Has degreasing effect on the skin.

STOT-single exposure

Causes damage to organs. (methanol)

STOT-repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (carbon tetrachloride)

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Information on likely routes of exposure

No data available

Specific effects in experiment on an animal

No data available

Additional information on tests

No data available

Practical experience

Causes damage to organs.
Liver and kidney damage
heart
eyes
central nervous system

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

This product does not contain a substance that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to non-target organisms as no components meets the criteria.

Other information

Headache, Dizziness, Dizziness, Anaesthetic state
Impairment of vision, Vomiting, Gastrointestinal complaints, Agitation
Spasms, Inebriation, Blood pressure drop

Further information

No data available

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

CAS No	Chemical name						
	Aquatic toxicity	Dose		[h] | [d]	Species	Source	Method
67-56-1	methanol						
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50	15400 mg/l	96 h	Lepomis macrochirus	Bulletin of Environmental Contamination	other: EPA-660/3-75-009, 1975
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50	ca. 22000 mg/l	96 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	Ecotoxicology and Environmental Safety 7	OECD Guideline 201
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50	> 10000 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	Water Research 23(4): 495-499 (1989)	other: DIN 38412 Teil 11
	Fish toxicity	NOEC	446,7 mg/l	28 d	Pimephales promelas	SAR and QSAR in Environmental Research,	Calculation performed with ECOSAR
	Crustacea toxicity	NOEC	208 mg/l	21 d	Daphnia magna	OECD QSAR Toolbox Report (2013)	Toxicity of the target chemical is predi
67-66-3	trichloromethane						
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50	103 - 171 mg/l	96 h	Pimephales promelas	Bulletin of Environmental Contamination	Method after: Procedures recommended by
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50	13,3 mg/l	72 h	Chlamydomonas reinhardtii	Environmental Science and Pollution Rese	A modified cell multiplication inhibitio
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50	152,5 mg/l	48 h	other aquatic mollusc: Crassostrea gigas	Study report (2002)	other: ASTM Method E724-94
	Crustacea toxicity	NOEC	13 mg/l	21 d	Daphnia magna	Water Research 23(4), 501-510 (1989)	other: Recommendation of the
	Acute bacteria toxicity	EC50	840 mg/l ( )	0,5 h	activated sludge of a predominantly domestic sewag	Toxicity Assessment: An International Jo	OECD Guideline 209

12.2. Persistence and degradability

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water

CAS No	Chemical name	Log Pow
67-56-1	methanol	-0,77
67-66-3	trichloromethane	1,97

BCF

CAS No	Chemical name	BCF	Species	Source
67-56-1	methanol	1	Cyprinus carpio	Comparative Biochemi
67-66-3	trichloromethane	690	Selenastrum capricornutum	Environmental Scienc

12.4. Mobility in soil

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to UK REACH.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

This product does not contain a substance that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to non-target organisms as no components meets the criteria.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Ozone depletion potential: Harms public health and the environment by destroying ozone in the upper atmosphere.

Further information

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal recommendations

Waste disposal according to directive 2008/98/EC, covering waste and dangerous waste.

Send to a physico-chemical treatment facility under observation of official regulations.

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Contaminated packaging

Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Land transport (ADR/RID)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 1230
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	METHANOL
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	3
14.4. Packing group:	II
Hazard label:	3+6.1
Classification code:	FT1
Special Provisions:	279
Limited quantity:	1 L
Excepted quantity:	E2
Transport category:	2
Hazard No:	336
Tunnel restriction code:	D/E

Inland waterways transport (ADN)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 1230
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	METHANOL
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	3
14.4. Packing group:	II
Hazard label:	3+6.1
Classification code:	FT1
Special Provisions:	279 802
Limited quantity:	1 L
Excepted quantity:	E2

Marine transport (IMDG)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 1230
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	METHANOL
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	3
14.4. Packing group:	II

Hazard label:	3+6.1
Special Provisions:	279
Limited quantity:	1 L
Excepted quantity:	E2
EmS:	F-E, S-D

Air transport (ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 1230
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	METHANOL
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	3
14.4. Packing group:	II
Hazard label:	3+6.1
Special Provisions:	A113
Limited quantity Passenger:	1 L
Passenger LQ:	Y341
Excepted quantity:	E2
IATA-packing instructions - Passenger:	352
IATA-max. quantity - Passenger:	1 L
IATA-packing instructions - Cargo:	364
IATA-max. quantity - Cargo:	60 L

14.5. Environmental hazards

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS: No

14.6. Special precautions for user

No data available

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No data available

Other applicable information

No data available

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU regulatory information

Authorisations (REACH, annex XIV):
trichloroethylene

Restrictions on use (REACH, annex XVII):
Entry 3, Entry 28, Entry 32, Entry 40, Entry 69, Entry 75

Information according to Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III): H2 ACUTE TOXIC

Additional information: P5c

Additional information

Observe restrictions to employment for juveniles according to the 'juvenile work protection guideline' (94/33/EC). Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

National regulatory information

Water hazard class (D): 3 - highly hazardous to water

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms

Flam. Liq. 2: Flammable liquids, hazard category 2
Acute Tox. 3: Acute toxicity, hazard category 3
Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity, hazard category 4
Skin Irrit. 2: Skin irritation, hazard category 2
Eye Irrit. 2: Eye irritation, hazard category 2
Muta. 2: Germ cell mutagenicity, hazard category 2
Carc. 1B: Carcinogenicity, hazard category 1B
Carc. 2: Carcinogenicity, hazard category 2
Repr. 2: Reproductive toxicity, hazard category 2
STOT SE 1: Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, hazard category 1
STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, hazard category 3
STOT RE 1: Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, hazard category 1
STOT RE 2: Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, hazard category 2
Aquatic Chronic 2: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard category: Chronic 2
Aquatic Chronic 3: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard category: Chronic 3
Ozone 1: Hazardous to the ozone layer, hazard category 1

Classification for mixtures and used evaluation method

Classification	Classification procedure
Flam. Liq. 2; H225	On basis of test data
Carc. 1B; H350	Calculation method
Acute Tox. 3; H331	Calculation method
Acute Tox. 3; H311	Calculation method
Acute Tox. 3; H301	Calculation method
STOT SE 1; H370	Calculation method
STOT RE 2; H373	Calculation method
Ozone 1; H420	Calculation method

Relevant H and EUH statements (number and full text)

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H301+H311+H331	Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H350	May cause cancer.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H370	Causes damage to organs (eyes, central nervous system).
H370	Causes damage to organs.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H420	Harms public health and the environment by destroying ozone in the upper atmosphere.

Further Information

The information is based on the present level of our knowledge. It does not, however, give assurance of product properties and establishes no contract legal rights.
The receiver of our product is singularly responsible for adhering to existing laws and regulations.

(The data for the relevant ingredients were taken respectively from the last version of the sub-contractor's safety data sheet.)