

Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Acetylation mixture OHZ acetic anhydride in 1,4-dioxane

Revision: 23.09.2025 Product code: 34991 Page 1 of 15

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Acetylation mixture OHZ acetic anhydride in 1,4-dioxane
24W3-D3EN-M00G-Y9PP

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture

Reagents and laboratory chemicals
Only for laboratory and analysis purposes.

Uses advised against

Do not use for private purposes (household).

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name: AnalytiChem GmbH

ACD

Street: Stempelstraße 6
Place: D-47167 Duisburg

Telephone: 0203/5194-0 Telefax: 0203/5194-290

E-mail: info@analytichem.de

Contact person: Abteilung Produktsicherheit Telephone: 0203/5194-107/117

E-mail: produktsicherheit@analytichem.de

Internet: www.analytichem.de

Responsible Department: Abteilung Produktsicherheit

1.4. Emergency telephone For Hazardous Materials [or Dangerous Goods] Incidents Spill, Leak, Fire,

<u>number:</u> Exposure, or Accident Call CHEMTREC Day or Night Within USA and Canada:

1-800-424-9300 Outside USA and Canada: +1 703-741-5970 (collect calls

accepted)

Further Information

No data available

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Carc. 1B; H350 Acute Tox. 2; H330 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Dam. 1; H318 STOT SE 3; H335

Full text of hazard statements: see SECTION 16.

2.2. Label elements

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Hazard components for labelling

1,4-dioxane acetic anhydride

Signal word: Danger



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Pictograms:









Hazard statements

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H330 Fatal if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H350 May cause cancer.

Precautionary statements

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smokina.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing and eye protection/face protection.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Special labelling of certain mixtures

Restricted to professional users.

2.3. Other hazards

No information available.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Relevant ingredients

CAS No	Chemical name	Chemical name		
	EC No	EC No Index No REACH No		
	Classification (Regulation (EC) N	lo 1272/2008)		
123-91-1	1,4-dioxane			75 - < 80 %
	204-661-8	603-024-00-5	01-2119462837-26	
	Flam. Liq. 2, Carc. 1B, Eye Irrit. 2, STOT SE 3; H225 H350 H319 H335 EUH019 EUH066			
108-24-7	acetic anhydride	acetic anhydride		
	203-564-8	607-008-00-9	01-2119486470-36	
	Flam. Liq. 3, Acute Tox. 2, Acute Tox. 4, Skin Corr. 1B, STOT SE 3; H226 H330 H302 H314 H335			

Full text of H and EUH statements: see section 16.



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Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATE

CAS No	EC No	Chemical name	Quantity
	Specific Conc. L	imits, M-factors and ATE	
123-91-1	204-661-8	1,4-dioxane	75 - < 80 %
	oral: LD50 = ca	. 5150 mg/kg	
108-24-7	203-564-8	acetic anhydride	20 - < 25 %
	630 mg/kg Ski	= 0,5 mg/l (vapours); inhalation: ATE = 0,05 mg/l (dusts or mists); oral: LD50 = n Corr. 1B; H314: >= 25 - 100	

Further Information

No data available

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

Self-protection of the first aider

After inhalation

Provide fresh air.

Call a physician immediately.

After contact with skin

Wash immediately with: Water

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Call a physician immediately.

After contact with eyes

After contact with the eyes, rinse with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time, then consult an ophthalmologist immediately.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

After ingestion

Rinse mouth immediately and drink plenty of water.

Call a physician immediately.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Irritant

Cough

Dyspnoea

Dizziness

Gastrointestinal complaints

Headache

Vomiting

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Has degreasing effect on the skin.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray jet, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Foam, Extinguishing powder.



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Unsuitable extinguishing media

no restriction

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible liquid.

Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous combustion products

In case of fire may be liberated: Carbon dioxide (CO2), Carbon monoxide

Beware of reignition.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Remove persons to safety. Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes.

In case of fire: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use water spray jet to protect personnel and to cool endangered containers.

Additional information

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. Do not allow entering drains or surface water.

Suppress gases/vapours/mists with water spray jet.

Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General advice

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

This material can be ignited by heat, sparks, flames, or other sources of ignition (e.g., static electricity, pilot lights, mechanical/electrical equipment, and electronic devices such as cell phones, computers, calculators, and pagers which have not been certified as intrinsically safe).

Take action to prevent static discharges.

For non-emergency personnel

Provide adequate ventilation.

Use personal protection equipment.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes.

Remove persons to safety.

Emergency procedures

Consult an expert

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

For emergency responders

Precautionary statements For emergency responders: Personal protection equipment: see section 8

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

The vapour of the product is heavier than air and may accumulate below ground level, in pits, channels and basements in higher concentration.

Danger of explosion

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment

Cover drains.

Prevent spread over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).

Collect in closed and suitable containers for disposal.

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

For cleaning up

Clean contaminated articles and floor according to the environmental legislation.



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Other information

Provide adequate ventilation.

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dusts/aerosols.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Safe handling: see section 7

Personal protection equipment: see section 8

Disposal: see section 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

Read label before use. Handle and open container with care.

When using do not eat, drink, smoke, sniff. Keep container tightly closed.

Use personal protection equipment. Use extractor hood (laboratory).

Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapour/spray. Provide adequate ventilation.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Take action to prevent static discharges. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Remove contaminated, saturated clothing immediately. Draw up and observe skin protection programme. Wash hands and face before breaks and after work and take a shower if necessary. When using do not eat or drink.

The choice of body protection depends on the concentration and quantity of hazardous substances. The chemical resistance of protective agents must be clarified with their suppliers.

Further information on handling

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

If handled uncovered, arrangements with local exhaust ventilation have to be used.

Draw up and observe skin protection programme.

Wash hands and face before breaks and after work and take a shower if necessary.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Keep container tightly closed. Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Hints on joint storage

Do not store together with: Oxidising agent. Pyrophoric or self-heating substances. national regulations

Further information on storage conditions

Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

Keep container dry.

Store in a place accessible by authorized persons only.

Protect against: Air, Light

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Laboratory use Laboratory chemical

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters



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Occupational exposure limits

CAS No	Substance	ppm	mg/m³	fib/cm³	Category	Origin	
123-91-1	1,4-Dioxane, tech. grade	20	73		TWA (8 h)		İ
108-24-7	Acetic anhydride	1	2.5		TWA (8 h)		l
		3	10		STEL (15 min)		

DNEL/DMEL values

CAS No	Substance				
DNEL type		Exposure route	Effect	Value	
123-91-1	1,4-dioxane				
Worker DNE	L, long-term	inhalation	systemic	73 mg/m³	
Worker DNE	L, acute	inhalation	local	144 mg/m³	
Worker DNE	L, long-term	dermal	systemic	21 mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer D	NEL, long-term	inhalation	systemic	18,25 mg/m³	
Consumer DNEL, acute		inhalation	local	72 mg/m³	
Consumer DNEL, long-term		dermal	systemic	12 mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer D	NEL, long-term	oral	systemic	0,24 mg/kg bw/day	
108-24-7	acetic anhydride				
Worker DNE	L, long-term	inhalation	systemic	4,2 mg/m³	
Worker DNEL, long-term		inhalation	local	4,2 mg/m³	
Worker DNEL, acute		inhalation	local	12,6 mg/m³	

PNEC values

CAS No	Substance		
Environmental	Environmental compartment Value		
123-91-1	1,4-dioxane		
Freshwater		10 mg/l	
Freshwater (int	ermittent releases)	10 mg/l	
Marine water		0,67 mg/l	
Freshwater sed	liment	37 mg/kg	
Micro-organism	s in sewage treatment plants (STP)	2700 mg/l	
Soil		0,153 mg/kg	
108-24-7	acetic anhydride		
Freshwater		3,058 mg/l	
Freshwater (intermittent releases) 30,58 r		30,58 mg/l	
Marine water		0,306 mg/l	
Freshwater sediment 11,36 m		11,36 mg/kg	
Marine sediment 1,136 mg		1,136 mg/kg	
Micro-organism	Micro-organisms in sewage treatment plants (STP)		
Soil		0,47 mg/kg	

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Technical measures and the application of suitable work processes have priority over personal protection



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equipment.

If handled uncovered, arrangements with local exhaust ventilation have to be used.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Suitable eye protection: goggles.

Hand protection

Protective gloves are recommended Company KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, email: vertrieb@kcl.de With specification (test according to EN374):

By long-term hand contact

Trade name/designation: KCL 897 Butoject®

Suitable material: Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber) 0,3 mm

Wearing time with permanent contact: > 480 min

By short-term hand contact

Trade name/designation: KCL 897 Butoject®

Suitable material: Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber) 0,3 mm Wearing time with occasional contact (splashes): > 480 min

The breakthrough times stated above were determined by KCL in laboratory tests acc. to EN374 with samples of the recommended glove types. This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet<(>,<)> supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN374 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: www.kcl.de).

Skin protection

Flame-retardant protective clothing. Wear anti-static footwear and clothing

Respiratory protection

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dusts/aerosols.

The entrepeneur has to ensure that maintenance, cleaning and testing of respiratory protective devices are carried out according to the instructions of the producer. These measures have to be properly documented.

Thermal hazards

No data available

Environmental exposure controls

The vapour of the product is heavier than air and may accumulate below ground level, in pits, channels and basements in higher concentration.

Danger of explosion

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Liquid
Colour: colourless
Odour: No data available
Odour threshold: No data available

Melting point/freezing point:

Boiling point or initial boiling point and

No data available

No data available

boiling range:

Flammability:

Lower explosion limits:

Upper explosion limits:

No data available

Flash point:

<23 °C



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Auto-ignition temperature:

Decomposition temperature:

pH-Value:

Viscosity / kinematic:

Water solubility:

No data available

No data available

No data available

Solubility in other solvents

not determined

Dissolution rate:

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water:

Dispersion stability:

Vapour pressure:

No data available

No data available

No data available

(at 20 °C)

Vapour pressure:

Density:

Relative density:

No data available

Relative density:

No data available

Bulk density:

No data available

Relative vapour density:

No data available

Particle characteristics:

No data available

9.2. Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosive properties

Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air.

Sustained combustibility: No data available

Self-ignition temperature

Solid: not applicable
Gas: not applicable

Oxidizing properties Not oxidising.

Other safety characteristics

Evaporation rate:

Solvent separation test:

No data available
Solvent content:

No data available
Solid content:

No data available
Sublimation point:

No data available
Softening point:

No data available
Pour point:

No data available

No data available:

Viscosity / dynamic:

Flow time:

No data available

No data available

Further Information
No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Highly flammable.

Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air.

10.2. Chemical stability

Protect against: Air, Light

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions



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Oxidising agent

Hydrogen

Acids

Nitric acid

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Air, Light

Keep away from sources of heat (e.g. hot surfaces), sparks and open flames.

10.5. Incompatible materials

plastics

Copper

Copper alloys

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

No data available

Further information

No data available

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Toxicocinetics, metabolism and distribution

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

Acute toxicity

Fatal if inhaled.

ATEmix calculated

ATE (oral) > 2000 mg/kg; ATE (dermal) > 2000 mg/kg; ATE (inhalation vapour) 2,110 mg/l; ATE (inhalation dust/mist) 0,2110 mg/l

CAS No	Chemical name	Chemical name				
	Exposure route	Dose		Species	Source	Method
123-91-1	1,4-dioxane					
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	ca. 5150	Rat	Study report (1973)	OECD Guideline 401
108-24-7	acetic anhydride					
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	630	Rat	Study report (1980)	5 animals per gender per group Starved f
	inhalation vapour	ATE	0,5 mg/l			
	inhalation dust/mist	ATE	0,05 mg/l			

Irritation and corrosivity

Skin corrosion/irritation: Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation effect: Damage to the respiratory tract.

Mucous membrane irritation in the mouth, throat, esophagus and gastrointestinal tract.

Sensitising effects

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenic/mutagenic/toxic effects for reproduction

May cause cancer. (1,4-dioxane)

Germ cell mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.



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STOT-single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation. (1,4-dioxane; acetic anhydride)

STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Information on likely routes of exposure

No data available

Specific effects in experiment on an animal

No data available

Additional information on tests

No data available

Practical experience

No data available

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

This product does not contain a substance that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to non-target organisms as no components meets the criteria.

Other information

Pulmonary oedema

Liver and kidney damage

Further information

Irritant

Cough

Dyspnoea

Dizziness

Gastrointestinal complaints

Headache

Vomiting

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Has degreasing effect on the skin.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.



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CAS No	Chemical name						
	Aquatic toxicity	Dose		[h] [d]	Species	Source	Method
123-91-1	1,4-dioxane						
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50 mg/l	6700	96 h	Menidia beryllina	J. Hazard Mat. 1, 303-318. (1975)	Method by Dawson
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50 mg/l	> 1000	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	Publication (1996)	OECD Guideline 201
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50 mg/l	> 1000	48 h	Daphnia magna	Publication (2002)	OECD Guideline 202
	Fish toxicity	NOEC mg/l	> 103	32 d	Pimephales promelas	European Chemicals Bureau, Institute for	other: internal test method ET-15-1987-1
	Crustacea toxicity	NOEC mg/l	1000	21 d	Daphnia magna	Publication (2002)	OECD Guideline 211
108-24-7	acetic anhydride						
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50 mg/l	> 1000	96 h	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Study report (2005)	other: SOP E257
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50 mg/l	> 1000	72 h	Skeletonema costatum	Study report (2005)	ISO 10253
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50 mg/l	> 1000	48 h	Daphnia magna	Study report (1990)	OECD Guideline 202

12.2. Persistence and degradability

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water

CAS No	Chemical name	Log Pow
123-91-1	1,4-dioxane	-0,42
108-24-7	acetic anhydride	-0,577

BCF

CAS No	Chemical name	BCF	Species	Source
123-91-1	1,4-dioxane	0,3 - 0,7	Cyprinus carpio	EU Risk assessment r
108-24-7	acetic anhydride	3,16	fish	Environ. Toxicol. Ch

12.4. Mobility in soil

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

This product does not contain a substance that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to non-target organisms as no components meets the criteria.

12.7. Other adverse effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Further information

Avoid release to the environment.

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.



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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal recommendations

Send to a physico-chemical treatment facility under observation of official regulations.

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Waste disposal according to directive 2008/98/EC, covering waste and dangerous waste.

Contaminated packaging

The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process.

Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Land transport (ADR/RID)

UN 3286 14.1. UN number or ID number:

14.2. UN proper shipping name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (1,4-dioxane, acetic

anhydride)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es): Ш 14.4. Packing group:

3+6.1+8 Hazard label: **FTC** Classification code: 274 **Special Provisions:** 1 L Limited quantity: E2 Excepted quantity: Transport category: 2 368 Hazard No: D/E Tunnel restriction code:

Inland waterways transport (ADN)

UN 3286 14.1. UN number or ID number:

FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (1,4-dioxane, acetic 14.2. UN proper shipping name:

anhydride)

3

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):

14.4. Packing group: Ш 3+6.1+8 Hazard label: Classification code: **FTC** 274 802 Special Provisions: Limited quantity: 1 L E2 Excepted quantity:

Marine transport (IMDG)

14.1. UN number or ID number: UN 3286

FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (1,4-dioxane, acetic 14.2. UN proper shipping name:

anhydride)

3

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):

14.4. Packing group: Ш

3+6.1/8 Hazard label: 274 Special Provisions: Limited quantity: 1 L **Excepted quantity:** E2 F-E, S-C EmS:

Air transport (ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR)



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14.1. UN number or ID number: UN 3286

14.2. UN proper shipping name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (1,4-dioxane, acetic

anhvdride)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):314.4. Packing group:IIHazard label:3+6.1 8Limited quantity Passenger:0.5 LPassenger LQ:Y340Excepted quantity:E2

IATA-packing instructions - Passenger:352IATA-max. quantity - Passenger:1 LIATA-packing instructions - Cargo:363IATA-max. quantity - Cargo:5 L

14.5. Environmental hazards

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS: No

14.6. Special precautions for user

Warning: Combustible liquid.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU regulatory information

Authorisations (REACH, annex XIV):

Substances of very high concern, SVHC (REACH, article 59):

1,4-dioxane

Restrictions on use (REACH, annex XVII):

Entry 3, Entry 40, Entry 75

Information according to Directive H2 ACUTE TOXIC

2012/18/EU (SEVESO III):

Additional information: P5c

National regulatory information

Employment restrictions: Observe restrictions to employment for juveniles according to the 'juvenile

work protection guideline' (94/33/EC). Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or

nursing mothers.

Water hazard class (D): 3 - highly hazardous to water

SECTION 16: Other information

Changes

This data sheet contains changes from the previous version in section(s): 1,2,3,4,5,7,8,9,10,11,12,14,15.



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Abbreviations and acronyms

Flam. Liq. 2: Flammable liquids, hazard category 2 Acute Tox. 2: Acute toxicity, hazard category 2 Skin Corr. 1B: Skin corrosion, sub-category 1B Skin Irrit. 2: Skin irritation, hazard category 2

Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage, hazard category 1

Eye Irrit. 2: Eye irritation, hazard category 2 Carc. 1B: Carcinogenicity, hazard category 1B

STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, hazard category 3 ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route

(European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service LC50: Lethal concentration, 50%

LD50: Lethal dose, 50%

Classification for mixtures and used evaluation method according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

Classification	Classification procedure
Flam. Liq. 2; H225	On basis of test data
Carc. 1B; H350	Calculation method
Acute Tox. 2; H330	Calculation method
Skin Irrit. 2; H315	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1; H318	Calculation method
STOT SE 3; H335	Calculation method

Relevant H and EUH statements (number and full text)

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H350	May cause cancer.
EUH019	May form explosive peroxides.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Further Information

Provide appropriate information, instructions and training to users

The above information describes exclusively the safety requirements of the product and is based on our present-day knowledge. The information is intended to give you advice about the safe handling of the product named in this safety data sheet, for storage, processing, transport and disposal. The information cannot be transferred to other products. In the case of mixing the product with other products or in the case of processing, the information on this safety data sheet is not necessarily valid for the new made-up material.

The information is based on the present level of our knowledge. It does not, however, give assurance of product properties and establishes no contract legal rights.

The receiver of our product is singularly responsible for adhering to existing laws and regulations.



Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Acetylation mixture OHZ acetic anhydride in 1,4-dioxane

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(The data for the relevant ingredients were taken respectively from the last version of the sub-contractor's safety data sheet.)