analytichem

Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Phenol/methanol mixture mixed 75 : 25 gravimetrically

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Phenol/methanol mixture mixed 75 : 25 gravimetrically

UFI: 95TH-E0EP-G00Y-29NT

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture

Reagents and laboratory chemicals
Only for laboratory and analysis purposes.

Uses advised against

Do not use for private purposes (household).

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name: AnalytiChem GmbH
ACD
Street: Stempelstraße 6
Place: D-47167 Duisburg
Telephone: 0203/5194-0 Telefax: 0203/5194-290
E-mail: info@analytichem.de
Contact person: Abteilung Produktsicherheit Telephone: 0203/5194-107/117
E-mail: produktsicherheit@analytichem.de
Internet: www.analytichem.de
Responsible Department: Abteilung Produktsicherheit

1.4. Emergency telephone number:

For Hazardous Materials [or Dangerous Goods] Incidents Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident Call CHEMTREC Day or Night Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300 Outside USA and Canada: +1 703-741-5970 (collect calls accepted)

Further Information

This product is a mixture. REACH Registration Number see section 3.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Flam. Liq. 3; H226
Muta. 2; H341
Acute Tox. 3; H331
Acute Tox. 3; H311
Acute Tox. 3; H301
Skin Corr. 1B; H314
Eye Dam. 1; H318
STOT SE 1; H370
STOT RE 2; H373
Aquatic Chronic 2; H411

Full text of hazard statements: see SECTION 16.

2.2. Label elements

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Hazard components for labelling

phenol
methanol

Signal word: Danger

Pictograms:

Hazard statements

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H301+H311+H331	Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H370	Causes damage to organs.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

2.3. Other hazards

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Relevant ingredients

CAS No	Chemical name			Quantity
	EC No	Index No	REACH No	
	Classification (Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008)			
108-95-2	phenol			75 - < 80 %
	203-632-7	604-001-00-2	01-2119471329-32	
	Muta. 2, Acute Tox. 3, Acute Tox. 3, Acute Tox. 3, Skin Corr. 1B, STOT RE 2, Aquatic Chronic 2; H341 H331 H311 H301 H314 H373 H411			
67-56-1	methanol			25 - < 30 %
	200-659-6	603-001-00-X	01-2119433307-44	
	Flam. Liq. 2, Acute Tox. 3, Acute Tox. 3, Acute Tox. 3, STOT SE 1; H225 H331 H311 H301 H370			

Full text of H and EUH statements: see section 16.

Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATE

CAS No	EC No	Chemical name	Quantity
	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATE		
108-95-2	203-632-7	phenol	75 - < 80 %
	inhalation: ATE = 3 mg/l (vapours); inhalation: ATE = 0,5 mg/l (dusts or mists); dermal: LD50 = 850 mg/kg; oral: LD50 = 530 mg/kg Skin Corr. 1B; H314: >= 3 - 100 Skin Irrit. 2; H315: >= 1 - < 3 Eye Irrit. 2; H319: >= 1 - < 3		
67-56-1	200-659-6	methanol	25 - < 30 %
	inhalation: LC50 = 128,2 mg/l (vapours); inhalation: ATE = 0,5 mg/l (dusts or mists); dermal: ATE = 300 mg/kg; oral: LD50 = 6000 mg/kg STOT SE 1; H370: >= 10 - 100 STOT SE 2; H371: >= 3 - < 10		

Further Information

This product does not contain substances of very high concern according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH), Article 57 above the respective regulatory concentration limit of = 0.1 % (w/w).

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

fast help required Call a physician immediately.
First aider: Pay attention to self-protection!
Remove affected person from the danger area and lay down.

After inhalation

Provide fresh air.
If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.
Call a physician immediately.

After contact with skin

Wash immediately with: Water, Polyethylene glycol 400 / Polyethylene glycol 300/ethanol (2:1)
Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
Call a physician immediately.
(for phenol): rinse the affected skin areas with plenty of water as quickly as possible using the nearest emergency shower. Rinse with a mixture of polyethylene glycol 300 (PEG 300)/ethanol 2:1; Rinse with polyethylene glycol 400 (PEG 400) ; Rinse with polyethylene glycol 300 (PEG 300). Practical experience and experimental studies have shown that the best results are achieved with the first method (PEG 300/ethanol) for practically all phenols. As far as non-chlorinated cresols and phenols are concerned, PEG 400 can also be used successfully. After rinsing with PEG 400 or PEG 300/ethanol 2:1, you should alternately rinse with plenty of water (e.g. emergency shower).

After contact with eyes

After eye contact: Rinse immediately carefully and thoroughly with eye-bath or water.
Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Consult an ophthalmologist.

After ingestion

Provide fresh air.
Rinse mouth immediately and drink plenty of water.
Do not allow a neutralisation agent to be drunk.
Call a physician immediately.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

corrosive, Irritant, Cough
Dyspnoea, Cardiac arrhythmias, Circulatory collapse
Dizziness, Risk of serious damage to eyes.
Dizziness, Anaesthetic state

Agitation, Spasms
Inebriation, Vomiting
Headache, Impairment of vision

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray jet, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Foam, Extinguishing powder.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

no restriction

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible liquids
Highly flammable.
Hazardous combustion products
Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air.
Heating causes rise in pressure with risk of bursting.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

In case of fire: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
Wear full chemical protective clothing.
In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

Additional information

Use water spray jet to protect personnel and to cool endangered containers.
Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.
Suppress gases/vapours/mists with water spray jet.
Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. Do not allow entering drains or surface water.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General advice

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.
This material can be ignited by heat, sparks, flames, or other sources of ignition (e.g., static electricity, pilot lights, mechanical/electrical equipment, and electronic devices such as cell phones, computers, calculators, and pagers which have not been certified as intrinsically safe).
Take action to prevent static discharges.

For non-emergency personnel

Provide adequate ventilation.
Use personal protection equipment.
Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes.
Remove persons to safety.
Emergency procedures
Consult an expert
Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

For emergency responders

Precautionary statements For emergency responders : Personal protection equipment: see section 8

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment

Cover drains.
Prevent spread over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).
Collect in closed and suitable containers for disposal.
Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

For cleaning up

Clean contaminated articles and floor according to the environmental legislation.

Other information

Provide adequate ventilation.
Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dusts/aerosols.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Safe handling: see section 7
Personal protection equipment: see section 8
Disposal: see section 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.
If handled uncovered, arrangements with local exhaust ventilation have to be used.
Read label before use. Handle and open container with care.
When using do not eat, drink, smoke, sniff. Keep container tightly closed.
Use personal protection equipment. Use extractor hood (laboratory).
Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapour/spray. Provide adequate ventilation.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.
Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Remove contaminated, saturated clothing immediately. Draw up and observe skin protection programme. Wash hands and face before breaks and after work and take a shower if necessary. When using do not eat or drink.
The choice of body protection depends on the concentration and quantity of hazardous substances. The chemical resistance of protective agents must be clarified with their suppliers.

Further information on handling

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
Draw up and observe skin protection programme. Wash hands and face before breaks and after work and take a shower if necessary. If handled uncovered, arrangements with local exhaust ventilation have to be used.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Keep container tightly closed.
Keep locked up.
Store in a place accessible by authorized persons only.
Provide adequate ventilation as well as local exhaustion at critical locations.

Hints on joint storage

national regulations

Further information on storage conditions

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
Protect against: Light

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Laboratory chemicals

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

CAS No	Substance	ppm	mg/m³	fib/cm³	Category	Origin
67-56-1	Methyl alcohol	200	260		TWA (8 h)	
108-95-2	Phenol	2	8		TWA (8 h)	
		4	16		STEL (15 min)	

Biological limit values

CAS No	Substance	Parameter	Value	Test material	Sampling time
108-95-2	Phenol	Phenol	120 mg/g	Creatinine	End of shift
67-56-1	Methanol	Methanol	15 mg/L	Urine	End of shift

DNEL/DMEL values

CAS No	Substance		
DNEL type	Exposure route	Effect	Value
108-95-2	phenol		
Worker DNEL, long-term	inhalation	systemic	8 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, acute	inhalation	local	16 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, long-term	dermal	systemic	1,23 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, long-term	inhalation	systemic	0,452 mg/m³
Consumer DNEL, long-term	dermal	systemic	0,5 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, long-term	oral	systemic	0,5 mg/kg bw/day
67-56-1	methanol		
Consumer DNEL, acute	inhalation	systemic	50 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, long-term	inhalation	systemic	260 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, acute	inhalation	systemic	260 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, long-term	inhalation	local	260 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, acute	inhalation	local	260 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, long-term	dermal	systemic	40 mg/kg bw/day
Worker DNEL, acute	dermal	systemic	40 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, long-term	inhalation	systemic	50 mg/m³
Consumer DNEL, long-term	inhalation	local	50 mg/m³
Consumer DNEL, acute	inhalation	local	50 mg/m³
Consumer DNEL, long-term	dermal	systemic	8 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, acute	dermal	systemic	8 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, long-term	oral	systemic	8 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, acute	oral	systemic	8 mg/kg bw/day

PNEC values

CAS No	Substance	
Environmental compartment		Value
108-95-2	phenol	
Freshwater		0,008 mg/l
Freshwater (intermittent releases)		0,031 mg/l
Marine water		0,001 mg/l
Freshwater sediment		0,091 mg/kg
Marine sediment		0,009 mg/kg
Micro-organisms in sewage treatment plants (STP)		2,1 mg/l
Soil		0,136 mg/kg
67-56-1	methanol	
Freshwater		20,8 mg/l
Freshwater (intermittent releases)		1540 mg/l
Marine water		2,08 mg/l
Freshwater sediment		77 mg/kg
Marine sediment		7,7 mg/kg
Micro-organisms in sewage treatment plants (STP)		100 mg/l
Soil		100 mg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Technical measures and the application of suitable work processes have priority over personal protection equipment.
If handled uncovered, arrangements with local exhaust ventilation have to be used.
Do not breathe vapour/aerosol.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

goggles

Hand protection

When handling with chemical substances, protective gloves must be worn with the CE-label including the four control digits. The quality of the protective gloves resistant to chemicals must be chosen as a function of the specific working place concentration and quantity of hazardous substances. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

Protective gloves are recommended Company KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, email: vertrieb@kcl.de With specification (test according to EN374):

By long-term hand contact
Trade name/designation: KCL 897 Butoject®
Recommended material: Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber) 0,3 mm
Wearing time with permanent contact: > 480 min

By short-term hand contact
Trade name/designation: KCL 890 Vitoject®
Recommended material: FKM (fluoro rubber) 0,7 mm
Wearing time with occasional contact (splashes): > 120 min

The breakthrough times stated above were determined by KCL in laboratory tests acc. to EN374 with samples of the recommended glove types. This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet<(>,<)> supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN374 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: www.kcl.de).

Skin protection

Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection.
Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
Wash hands and face before breaks and after work and take a shower if necessary.
Draw up and observe skin protection programme.

Respiratory protection

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dusts/aerosols.
The entrepeneur has to ensure that maintenance, cleaning and testing of respiratory protective devices are carried out according to the instructions of the producer. These measures have to be properly documented.

Thermal hazards

No data available

Environmental exposure controls

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	Liquid
Colour:	colourless
Odour:	characteristic
Odour threshold:	No data available

		Test method
Melting point/freezing point:	No data available	
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:	No data available	
Flammability:	No data available	
Lower explosion limits:	No data available	
Upper explosion limits:	No data available	
Flash point:	29 °C	DIN EN 924 2003-08
Auto-ignition temperature:	No data available	
Decomposition temperature:	No data available	
pH-Value:	not determined	
Viscosity / kinematic:	No data available	
Water solubility:	No data available	
Solubility in other solvents not determined		
Dissolution rate:	No data available	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water:	No data available	
Dispersion stability:	No data available	
Vapour pressure:	No data available	
Vapour pressure:	No data available	
Density:	No data available	
Relative density:	No data available	
Bulk density:	No data available	
Relative vapour density:	No data available	

Particle characteristics:	No data available

9.2. Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosive properties

Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air.

Sustained combustibility:	No data available

Self-ignition temperature

Solid:	No data available
Gas:	No data available

Oxidizing properties

No data available

Other safety characteristics

Evaporation rate:	No data available
Solvent separation test:	No data available
Solvent content:	No data available
Solid content:	No data available
Sublimation point:	No data available
Softening point:	No data available
Pour point:	No data available

No data available:

Viscosity / dynamic:	No data available
Flow time:	No data available

Further Information

No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air.

10.2. Chemical stability

Protect against: Light

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Oxidising agent

Risk of explosion with: Oxidizing agents, perchloric acid, perchlorates, salts of oxyhalogenic acids, chromium(VI) oxide, halogen oxides, nitrogen oxides, nonmetallic oxides, chromosulfuric acid, chlorates, hydrides, zinc diethyl, halogens, powdered magnesium, hydrogen peroxide, Nitric acid, sulphuric acid, permanganic acid, sodium hypochlorite Exothermic reaction with: acid halides, Acid anhydrides, Reducing agents, acids, Bromine, Chlorine, Chloroform, magnesium, tetrachloromethane, CYANURIC CHLORIDE Risk of ignition or formation of inflammable gases or vapours with: Fluorine, Oxides of phosphorus, Raney-nickel Generates dangerous gases or fumes in contact with: Alkaline earth metals, Alkali metals

(for phenol) aluminum, aldehydes, halogens, nitrites, nitrates, hydrogen peroxide, salts of halogen-oxygen acids, peroxide compounds, isocyanates

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Metal

Plastic articles

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

No data available

Further information

No data available

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Toxicocinetics, metabolism and distribution

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

Acute toxicity

Toxic if inhaled.
Toxic in contact with skin.
Toxic if swallowed.
If swallowed danger of perforation of the esophagus and the stomach (strong corrosive effects).
Mucous membrane irritation in the mouth, throat, esophagus and gastrointestinal tract.
Inhalation effect: Damage to the respiratory tract.

ATEmix calculated

ATE (oral) 100,0 mg/kg; ATE (dermal) 582,9 mg/kg; ATE (inhalation vapour) 3,000 mg/l; ATE (inhalation dust/mist) 0,5000 mg/l

CAS No	Chemical name				
	Exposure route	Dose	Species	Source	Method
108-95-2	phenol				
	oral	LD50 530 mg/kg	Rat	J Pharmacol Exp Ther 80: 233-240 (1944)	OECD Guideline 401
	dermal	LD50 850 mg/kg	Rabbit	Am Ind Hyg Assoc J 37: 596-606 (1976)	OECD Guideline 402
	inhalation vapour	ATE 3 mg/l			
	inhalation dust/mist	ATE 0,5 mg/l			
67-56-1	methanol				
	oral	LD50 6000 mg/kg	Monkey	Amer J Ophthalmol 40: 76-83 (cited in DG	Determination of the acute toxicity of t
	dermal	ATE 300 mg/kg			
	inhalation (4 h) vapour	LC50 128,2 mg/l	Rat	Study report (1980)	Study performed according to internal co
	inhalation dust/mist	ATE 0,5 mg/l			

Irritation and corrosivity

Skin corrosion/irritation: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Causes serious eye damage.
Risk of serious damage to eyes.

Sensitising effects

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenic/mutagenic/toxic effects for reproduction

Suspected of causing genetic defects. (phenol)
Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-single exposure

Causes damage to organs. (methanol)

STOT-repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (phenol)
(liver, kidneys, heart)

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Information on likely routes of exposure

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific effects in experiment on an animal

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Additional information on tests

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Practical experience

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Other information

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Further information

corrosive, Irritant, Cough
Dyspnoea, Cardiac arrhythmias, Circulatory collapse
Dizziness, Risk of serious damage to eyes.
Dizziness, Anaesthetic state
Agitation, Spasms
Inebriation, Vomiting
Headache, Impairment of vision

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

CAS No	Chemical name						
	Aquatic toxicity	Dose		[h] | [d]	Species	Source	Method
108-95-2	phenol						
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50	8,9 mg/l	96 h	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Publication (1980)	other:
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50	61,1 mg/l	96 h	Raphidocelis subcapitata	Environ. Toxicol. Water Qual. 7: 35-48 (	other: US EPA
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50	3,1 mg/l	48 h	Ceriodaphnia dubia	Publication (1991)	Test performance in compliance with EPA
	Fish toxicity	NOEC	0,077 mg/l	60 d	Cirrhina mrigala	Publication (1984)	Method: other
	Crustacea toxicity	NOEC	0,16 mg/l	16 d	Daphnia magna	Ecotoxicol. Envir. Saf. 15: 72-77 (1988)	other: NEN 6502
67-56-1	methanol						
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50	15400 mg/l	96 h	Lepomis macrochirus	Bulletin of Environmental Contamination	other: EPA-660/3-75-009, 1975
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50	ca. 22000 mg/l	96 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	Ecotoxicology and Environmental Safety 7	OECD Guideline 201
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50	> 10000 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	Water Research 23(4): 495-499 (1989)	other: DIN 38412 Teil 11
	Fish toxicity	NOEC	446,7 mg/l	28 d	Pimephales promelas	SAR and QSAR in Environmental Research,	Calculation performed with ECOSAR
	Crustacea toxicity	NOEC	208 mg/l	21 d	Daphnia magna	OECD QSAR Toolbox Report (2013)	Toxicity of the target chemical is predi

12.2. Persistence and degradability

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water

CAS No	Chemical name	Log Pow
108-95-2	phenol	1,47
67-56-1	methanol	-0,77

BCF

CAS No	Chemical name	BCF	Species	Source
108-95-2	phenol	17,5	Danio rerio	Publication (1985)
67-56-1	methanol	1	Cyprinus carpio	Comparative Biochemi

12.4. Mobility in soil

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

This product does not contain a substance that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to non-target organisms as no components meets the criteria.

12.7. Other adverse effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Further information

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.
Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal recommendations

Waste disposal according to directive 2008/98/EC, covering waste and dangerous waste.
Send to a physico-chemical treatment facility under observation of official regulations.
Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Contaminated packaging

This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.
Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.
The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Land transport (ADR/RID)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 2929
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	TOXIC LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (Methanol, Phenol)
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	6.1
14.4. Packing group:	II
Hazard label:	6.1+3
Classification code:	TF1
Special Provisions:	274
Limited quantity:	100 mL
Excepted quantity:	E4
Transport category:	2
Hazard No:	63
Tunnel restriction code:	D/E

Inland waterways transport (ADN)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 2929
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	TOXIC LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (methanol, phenol)
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	6.1
14.4. Packing group:	II
Hazard label:	6.1+3
Classification code:	TF1
Special Provisions:	274 802
Limited quantity:	100 mL
Excepted quantity:	E4

Marine transport (IMDG)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 2929
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	TOXIC LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (methanol, phenol)
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	6.1
14.4. Packing group:	II

Hazard label:	6.1+3
Special Provisions:	274
Limited quantity:	100 mL
Excepted quantity:	E4
EmS:	F-E, S-D

Air transport (ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 2929
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	TOXIC LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (methanol, phenol)
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	6.1
14.4. Packing group:	II
Hazard label:	6.1+3
Special Provisions:	A4 A137
Limited quantity Passenger:	1 L
Passenger LQ:	Y641
Excepted quantity:	E4
IATA-packing instructions - Passenger:	654
IATA-max. quantity - Passenger:	5 L
IATA-packing instructions - Cargo:	662
IATA-max. quantity - Cargo:	60 L

14.5. Environmental hazards

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS:	Yes
Danger releasing substance:	phenol

14.6. Special precautions for user

Warning: Combustible liquid. Toxic.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU regulatory information

Restrictions on use (REACH, annex XVII):
Entry 3, Entry 40, Entry 69, Entry 75

Information according to Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III):	H2 ACUTE TOXIC
Additional information:	P5c, E2

National regulatory information

Employment restrictions:	Observe restrictions to employment for juveniles according to the 'juvenile work protection guideline' (94/33/EC). Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.
Water hazard class (D):	2 - obviously hazardous to water
Skin resorption/Sensitization:	Permeates easily through outer skin and causes poisoning.

SECTION 16: Other information

Changes

This data sheet contains changes from the previous version in section(s): 1.

Abbreviations and acronyms

Flam. Liq. 2: Flammable liquids, hazard category 2
Acute Tox. 3: Acute toxicity, hazard category 3
Skin Corr. 1B: Skin corrosion, sub-category 1B
Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage, hazard category 1
Muta. 2: Germ cell mutagenicity, hazard category 2
STOT SE 1: Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, hazard category 1
STOT RE 2: Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, hazard category 2
Aquatic Chronic 2: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard category: Chronic 2
ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route
(European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
IATA: International Air Transport Association
GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances
CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service
LC50: Lethal concentration, 50%
LD50: Lethal dose, 50%

Classification for mixtures and used evaluation method according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

Classification	Classification procedure
Flam. Liq. 3; H226	On basis of test data
Muta. 2; H341	Calculation method
Acute Tox. 3; H331	
Acute Tox. 3; H311	Calculation method
Acute Tox. 3; H301	Calculation method
Skin Corr. 1B; H314	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1; H318	Calculation method
STOT SE 1; H370	Calculation method
STOT RE 2; H373	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	Calculation method

Relevant H and EUH statements (number and full text)

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H301+H311+H331	Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H370	Causes damage to organs (eyes, central nervous system).
H370	Causes damage to organs.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Further Information

The above information describes exclusively the safety requirements of the product and is based on our present-day knowledge. The information is intended to give you advice about the safe handling of the product named in this safety data sheet, for storage, processing, transport and disposal. The information cannot be transferred to other products. In the case of mixing the product with other products or in the case of processing,

the information on this safety data sheet is not necessarily valid for the new made-up material.
The information is based on the present level of our knowledge. It does not, however, give assurance of product properties and establishes no contract legal rights.
The receiver of our product is singularly responsible for adhering to existing laws and regulations.
Provide appropriate information, instructions and training to users

(The data for the relevant ingredients were taken respectively from the last version of the sub-contractor's safety data sheet.)